

ADVERTISE YOUR CHURCH

REV. WELSHIMER

Pastor of First Christian Church Also Advises Ministers to Preach Nothing But Unadulterated Gospel.

If a church or a preacher has anything good to offer to the people it is the duty of that preacher to let the people know of it.

This is the opinion of the Rev. Pearl H. Welshimer of the First Christian church, who last night, in an interview, answered critics who contend that advertising is undignified and unbecoming to their profession.

"For a long time," said Mr. Welshimer, "the church has been saying to the world, 'but Christianity into business,' and then as though retorting, the world said in answer, 'why not put business into your church?'"

"This now is exactly what we are trying to do when we leave people know what is going on in our places of worship. Personally, I am a firm believer in printer's ink. My theory is, that if the church has something good to offer, it should let the world know of it. This is nothing more than business sense.

"Any plan of advertising which can

honestly and legitimately be used by any business firm can be used by a preacher, and this is not deserving of any criticism.

"The first essential in church advertising," he continued, "is honesty. Any scheme by which the drawing of a crowd gets first consideration is abominable, and ministers should not indulge in it. In Canton we have used bill boards to advertise special services. We have used cards and have distributed tracts and in addition to this, we have used the columns of the daily papers.

"This last method I think is the most effective as the papers reach the most people. The only object of a minister advertising is to get the attention of the world the same as is done by politicians at election time, although I believe," he said in conclusion, "that after employing these honest means of attracting attention a minister should exercise great care and preach nothing but the purest and most unadulterated gospel."

THE REAL ISSUE IN OHIO'S GREAT CAMPAIGN.

By W. V. Marsh, Supt. Anti-Saloon League.

The Personal Liberty league and kindred defenders of the barbarous liquor traffic, have been busy in inventing false issues in defense of the trade, with a desire to blind the eyes of the unsuspecting to the real facts that lie at the foundation of this great crusade. Many have been the "paramount" issues exploited but they have proven ineffective to stay the tide or to delay the final verdict. Following are a few samples:

Taxation is not the paramount issue in this long-continued battle with the liquor traffic. Common sense teaches us that if the cause of so much expense, for which taxes are levied, is removed, the tax rate, other things being equal, will be reduced.

Business is not the paramount issue. Is it not reasonable to believe that with saloons abolished all lines of legitimate business will prosper to the extent, at least, that money was spent for intoxicants?

Confiscation of Property is not the paramount issue, for property remains after the saloons are gone and is even more valuable where there are no saloons. Besides, the supreme court of the United States has declared "If the public safety or the public morals require the discontinuance of any manufacture or traffic, the hand of the legislature cannot be stayed from providing for its discontinuance by an incidental inconvenience which individuals or corporations may suffer."

The Question of Revenue is not the paramount issue. The government, either local, state or national, is not dependent on the saloon. Even the government tax on liquor was a war measure. Every distillery, brewery and saloon could close business tomorrow and next year not one taxpayer in ten thousand would know the difference, so far as his taxes are concerned. Besides, the supreme court of the United States said, many years ago, and has never taken it back, that "if a loss of revenue should accrue to the United States from a diminished consumption of ardent spirits, she will be a gainer a thousand fold in the health, wealth and happiness of the people."

What is the paramount issue in this fight against the liquor traffic? It is the Saloon.

Keep your eye fixed on the real issue. When the wet advocate tries to discuss other issues with you, persist in talking to him about the saloon.

Ask him if he can defend the saloon on moral grounds.

Ask him if the average saloon is run according to law.

Ask him if the saloon is a benefit to mankind morally, socially or intellectually.

Ask him if he takes his wife, mother or sister with him when he visits the saloon.

Ask him why the saloon is so generally recognized as the incubator of crime and criminals.

Ask him why authorities agree that the saloon is the recruiting station for jails, prisons and asylums.

Ask him why it is when a crime is committed the saloons are always first searched for the criminal.

Ask him why every court in the land has time and again sounded a warning against the saloons and has upheld laws giving the people the right to abolish them.

Ask him why the supreme court of the United States has held that no man has an inherent right to run a saloon and sell intoxicants.

Ask him if he wants his son, brother or father to become a regular patron of the saloon.

Ask him why, if the saloon is a good thing, the country has no use for its product.

Ask him why the saloon business is conducted behind screens and painted windows, if it is a safe and sane business.

Ask him why, if the saloon is a good institution, the state of Ohio taxes it and restricts it to further provide against the evils arising therefrom.

Ask him to give a few specific instances in which a saloon benefited a community.

Ask him to give one instance where any saloon anywhere benefited anyone.

By the time he has answered these and similar pertinent questions which may be asked he will probably want a rest.

Keep the saloon to the front as the real issue. Refuse to be side-tracked on any other.

What Liquor Interests Think of the Saloon.

You have said some mean things about the saloon, have you? Because you have said these things you have been termed a "temperance fanatic," have you? It is a safe bet that you have never said anything more severe than the following paragraphs from the Wholesalers' and Retailers' Review, a prominent liquor journal:

"Any man who knows the saloons well can honestly say that most of them have forfeited their right to live.

The model saloon exists chiefly in the minds of the editors of liquor journals, in the imaginations of a certain type of ministers, and in the mythical stories sometimes rehearsed at saloonmen's campfires.

Unfortunately, the average tippling-house is a place of ill-fame, a place of shame and debauchery.

With comparatively few exceptions our saloons are houses of drunken men, profanity and obscenity of the vilest possible type.

OASIS AND DESERT.

The Oklahoma City Times says editorially: "One hundred fifty-four drunks in Oklahoma City in one month—thirty-four more than there were under licensed saloons—and still no revenue for the city or county. Does prohibition prohibit?"

N. W. Adcock was convicted at Knoxville, Tenn., recently in two cases of selling whisky. He was sentenced to the workhouse for twelve months and fined \$150.00. Adcock carried a big banner in the Prohibition parade the day saloons were voted out.

Lancaster is an oasis in Fairfield county and business men unite in saying that trade has materially increased since the county voted "wet." Edward H. Binniger, vice president of the Farmers & Citizens' Bank of Lancaster, George Mott, John Gardner, Elmer Ruble, George Finner, L. W. Hainey, W. C. Smith, Max Miller, Christian Keller, William E. Thimmon and others are eminently satisfied with their county having voted "wet" and are enjoying an unusual prosperous business from surrounding "dry" counties.

The Hotel Keepers' association of Ohio are in favor of amending the Rose law to exempt incorporated villages and cities from its operation in the event they cast a majority vote for the wets. The association will back a measure for such amendment.

Prohibition and county option have jolted hard the glass bottle business and the workmen employed in this industry. Of the 219 factories in the country, 143 are idle while 4,170 men and 1,064 apprentices are without work. It would seem that during the 51th election over voting counties "dry" the church bells might be tolled in addition to ringing them joyously. The tolling might remind the Anti-Saloon leaguers of the wane and poverty caused by the loss of over 5000 jobs.

E. O. Mitchell, president of the Licking County Agricultural association, is calling on farmers to help kill the proposed Bowers bill which taxes farmers in "dry" counties. The farmers seem to want the reforms without paying any extra taxes for same.

Laborers Are Now Contractors. One union in Spokane Wash., has gone into the contracting business with success. The bosses wanted to work the men for any old wage. This worked for a while. The men at last woke up and decided to keep all their product. They elected a business manager, and last week he landed a contract for the complete improvement of a new addition to the town, aggregating a total of \$80,000.

Union Helmets for Cops.

The spring helmets for the New York police were delivered Monday by Robert J. McFarland, who had the contract. In spite of the strike of hatters in some sections and the lockout by the manufacturers in others, the hats will bear the union label. Mr. MacFarland says that every trick and device known to the trade, even to bribery was resorted to by manufacturers to prevent him from fulfilling his contract because he had thrown his lot with the union.

ASKS REFORM

IOWA DIVINE SAYS PREACHING AT LOW WAGES IS LIKE HOD-CARRYING.

LIMIT IS TOO LOW

Sheekels to sheekels preaching isn't much above par with successful hod-carrying.

Dr. F. E. Brooke, president of Leander Clark college of Iowa, made a statement to this effect before the United Brethren conference Tuesday. Senator Matt Edmunds, a delegate from Kansas, says he thinks it better to be a steward in the house of the Lord than a senator.

Prof. Mark Keppie, of California, says that if the United Brethren people quit chewing gum and going to theaters and smoking cigars they could afford to pay their preachers more.

Bishop J. S. Mills, of Annapolis, Pa., thinks a minimum salary of \$1000 ought to be fixed for every U. B. pastor. The present minimum is about \$600.

The delegates Tuesday gave the bishops \$500 more a year. The salaries committee has reported favorably on more money for ministers, and perhaps today their suggestion may be acted upon.

LOCAL MARKETS

Buying Prices.
Canton, O., May 19, 1909.
Country butter, 25c; creamery, 31 1/2c.
Eggs, 12c.
Chickens, live, young, 16c; old, 15c.
Potatoes, 20c; \$1.05 per bushel.
Dry Onions, 12c per bushel.

Retail Prices.
Chickens, dressed, 16 1/2c.
Eggs, per dozen, 22c.
Butter, country, 31c; creamery, 36 1/2c.
Apples, 60c per bushel.
Flour, winter, 4 bbl., \$1.90.
Flour, spring, 4 bbl., \$2.10.
Celery, 10c bunch.
Cabbage, 50c head.
Turnips, 20c peck.
Lettuce, 17 1/2c lb.
Spinach, 13c.

Canton Grain Markets.
Dealers pay the following prices:
Wheat, per bu., 80c.
Corn in ear, per bu., 80c.
Oats, per bu., 55c.
Baled hay per ton, \$11.00 to \$12.00.
Baled straw, per ton, \$8.00 to \$9.00.

Local Hay.
Farmers get \$11.00 to \$12.00 per ton for good hay.

Retail Prices.
Corn, ear, per bu., 80c.
Corn shelled, per bu., 85c.
Oats 60c to 65c per bu.
Wheat, per bu., 80c.
Cracked Corn, per cwt., 11.50.
Oyster shell, per cwt., 75c.
Pure winter bran, per ton, \$29.00.
Winter white midds, per ton, \$29.00.
Pure corn and oats chop ton, \$25.00.
Pure corn and oats per cwt., 11.50.
Old process oil meal per cwt., 11.75.
Timothy hay, per cwt., 85c.
Timothy hay, per ton, \$11.00.
Straw, per cwt., 65c.
Straw, per ton, \$11.00.
Salt, per bbl., medium, \$1.15.
Salt, per bbl., fine, \$1.05.
Lime, per bbl., \$1.00.
Portland Cement, per bbl., \$1.60.

Loose Hay.
Farmers get \$12.00 per ton for good hay.

Canton Wholesale.
Cattle, dressed, 89 1/2c.
Hogs, dressed, 86c.
Yearling lambs, 13c.

Dairy and Farmyard.
Cleveland, O., May 18, 1909.
Butter, creamery, extras, 27 1/2c per lb.
Prints, 25c per doz.
Cheese—Full cream, York State, 14 1/2c; Ohio, 15 1/2c; Limburger, 16 1/2c; Swiss, 16 1/2c; brick cheese, 16 1/2c.
Eggs—Current receipts, 21c.
Poultry, chickens, alive, 15 1/2c per lb.

TELEGRAPH MARKETS

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.
Chicago, May 18.—Cattle — Market steady; heavy, \$10.67 1/2; Texas steers, \$14.00 to \$15; western steers, \$13.75 to \$14.00; stockers and feeders, \$13.00 to \$14.00; cows and heifers, \$12.00 to \$14.00; calves, \$25.00 to \$30.00.
Hogs — Market steady; light, \$6.85 to \$7.25; mixed, \$7.00 to \$7.45; heavy, \$7.00 to \$7.50; rough, \$7.00 to \$7.25; good to choice heavy, \$7.25 to \$7.50; pigs, \$5.50 to \$6.75; bulk of sales, \$7.25 to \$7.45.
Sheep — Market lower; native, \$4.00 to \$4.25; western, \$4.00 to \$4.25; yearlings, \$6.20 to \$7.30; lambs, native, \$6.00 to \$8.50; western, \$6.25 to \$8.25.

TOLEDO GRAIN.
Toledo, May 18.—Close — Wheat — Cash, \$1.04 1/2; May, \$1.04 1/2; July, \$1.15 1/2; Sept., \$1.04 1/2; Dec., \$1.04 1/2.
Corn — Cash, 75; May, 74 1/2; July, 71; Sept., 70; Dec., 68.
Oats — Cash and May, 59; July, 53 1/2; Sept., 49 1/2; Dec., 46 1/2.
Cloverseed—Cash and May, \$5.85; Oct. and Dec., \$6.80.
Prime timothy, \$7.75.
Rye—No. 2, 91.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, May 18.—Little can be said of the transactions in today's stock market. The opening was quiet and at the previous close. The market was quiet and very dull until the last hour, when stocks were bid for and activity was started, closing prices fractional, and in a few cases, a point higher. Reading, Union Pacific and Steel Common being the most prominent leaders in the advance. Reading gaining 1 1/2, Union Pacific 1 1/2, and Steel Common 1 1/2. C. & O. was also a strong feature, gaining 1 1/2.

Quotations furnished by J. F. Shimp, manager Harry Rex office, Courtland Hotel Building:

	Open	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	82	83 1/2	81 1/2	83 1/2
American Car Pdy.	54 1/2	55 1/2	54 1/2	55 1/2
American Locomotive	57	57 1/2	57	57 1/2
American Smelting	92 1/2	93 1/2	92 1/2	93 1/2
American Sugar	123 1/2	124 1/2	123 1/2	124 1/2
Anaconda Copper	50	50 1/2	49 1/2	50 1/2
Atchafalpa, T. & S.	104 1/2	105 1/2	104 1/2	105 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	114 1/2	115 1/2	114 1/2	115 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Trans.	78 1/2	79 1/2	78 1/2	79 1/2
Canada Pacific	180	180 1/2	180	180 1/2
Chesapeake & Ohio	78 1/2	79 1/2	78 1/2	79 1/2
Chic. Mil. & St. P.	150	151 1/2	149 1/2	151 1/2
Colorado Fuel & I.	40 1/2	41 1/2	40 1/2	41 1/2
Erie Common	23 1/2	24 1/2	23 1/2	24 1/2
Louisville & Nash.	73 1/2	74 1/2	73 1/2	74 1/2
Missouri Pacific	73 1/2	74 1/2	73 1/2	74 1/2
New York Central	120 1/2	121 1/2	120 1/2	121 1/2
Norfolk & Western	121 1/2	122 1/2	121 1/2	122 1/2
Pennsylvania	124 1/2	125 1/2	124 1/2	125 1/2
Reading	156 1/2	157 1/2	156 1/2	157 1/2
Rock Island	37 1/2	38 1/2	37 1/2	38 1/2
Rock Island Pfd.	70 1/2	71 1/2	70 1/2	71 1/2
Southern Pacific	145 1/2	146 1/2	145 1/2	146 1/2
Union Pacific	157 1/2	158 1/2	157 1/2	158 1/2
United States Steel	50 1/2	51 1/2	50 1/2	51 1/2
U. S. Steel Pfd.	113 1/2	114 1/2	113 1/2	114 1/2

Ladies', \$2.50 buys a fine oxford at Rose's.

The Canton Hardware Co. | The Canton Hardware Co.

Get Busy--or Your LAWN Will Get the Start on You

THIS weather—sunshine and warm rain—brings out the grass. It shoots up over night. You can see it grow.

Your lawn will soon get shaggy looking if you let it go.

GET A LAWN MOWER.
Get a Genuine Philadelphia Lawn Mower

It's a better made, better cutting, better wearing mower than any other made. It cuts even and gives the lawn a well-kept look.



The style "C" Philadelphia lawn mower here illustrated has 8 1/2 inch wheels, 4 blades, 5 1/2 inch cylinder, single pinion and is geared on both sides. It is very popular for small lawns. It has all the latest improvements and is perfect in every respect. Prices—16 inch mowers, \$7.50; 18 inch, \$8.

THE STYLE "A" PHILADELPHIA Lawn Mower—unequalled for fine work—19 inch size, \$14; 21 inch size, \$15. THE STYLE "E" PHILADELPHIA Lawn Mower—17 inch size, \$10.50; 19 inch size, \$11.50.

AT \$2.75 AND \$3 WE HAVE LIGHT RUNNING MACHINES THAT WILL GIVE SATISFACTION.

You'll Need Other Tools, Too, of Which We Have a Very Complete Line

You couldn't keep your lawn looking always bright and green without these accessories:

RUBBER GARDEN HOSE—THE VERY BEST QUALITY—6c to 15c FOOT.

LAWN RAKES—different styles and sizes, at 25c and upward to \$1.50.

GRASS CLIPPERS—at 10c to 35c.

GARDEN HOSE REELS—substantially built in styles at 75c and upward to \$1.25.

GRASS CATCHERS—at 50c to \$1.50.

LAWN SPRINKLERS—many different stands—some setting flat on the ground—at 25c and upward to \$1.50.

The Canton Hardware Co.
201 South Market Street.

GO TO THE MAJESTIC THEATRE

We run only Independent Moving Pictures. The best that money can buy. The Vaudeville is always A No. 1. The shows given in the past are our reference for the future. Nothing is too good for our patrons. If you have not seen our show, ask your friend. He has.

TOM WELCH
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